TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Year ended June 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Taylor County School District Campbellsville, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Taylor County School District (the "District") as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Taylor County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Tylor County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Taylor County School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Taylor County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of District's proportionate share of net pension liabilities, net OPEB liabilities, and schedules of required contributions on Pages 4 through 8 and 39 through 54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Taylor County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2024, on our consideration of the Taylor County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Taylor County School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report

is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Taylor County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wise, Buckner, Sprowles & Associates PLLC

Wise, Buckner, Sprowles & Associates PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Campbellsville, KY November 11, 2024

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT CAMPBELLSVILLE, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Year Ended June 30, 2024

As management of the Taylor County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning unassigned fund balance for the District's General Fund was \$5,126,455 as compared to \$5,153,021 for the year ending balance on June 30, 2024.
- A continued effort focuses on purchasing in the areas of supplies, food, energy and travel resulting in savings due to management strategies.
- Interest income earned in FY 2024 was \$479,536 as compared to \$187,006 in 2023. Total revenue increased by 15.3 percent for all governmental funds from \$47,014,385 in FY 23 to \$39,828,617 in FY 24.
- SEEK funding reported in the district's general fund in FY 2024 was \$11,102,841. The amount of SEEK received in FY 2023 was \$11,253,131. There was a 1.3% increase in SEEK during 2024 in comparison with FY 2023.
- The General Fund had \$32,047,970 (including the beginning balance) in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, local occupational license taxes, utilities and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding interfund transfers of \$79,665, there was \$27,738,021 in General Fund expenditures.
- Bonds are issued as the district renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and in keeping with Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) stringent compliance regulations. The district's total principal bonded indebtedness increased by \$2,610,000 during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-11 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary funds. The only proprietary fund is food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-15 of this report.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT CAMPBELLSVILLE, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the financial statements- The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-39 of this report.

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the Period Ending June 30, 2024 and 2023:

Assets:	2024	2023
Current Assets	\$ 9,434,862	\$ 16,940,542
Capital Assets	83,841,399	77,421,651
Other assets	489,898	248,705
Total Assets	93,766,159	94,610,898
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
CERS	5,513,475	7,163,372
KTRS	3,147,107	3,947,088
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,660,582	11,110,460
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities	6,603,507	6,653,606
Noncurrent Liabilities	61,975,425_	71,501,466
Total Liabilities	68,578,932	78,155,072
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
CERS	7,341,715	3,529,460
KTRS	3,161,000	2,718,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,502,715	6,247,460
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	36,173,641	27,305,933
Restricted	(1,825,762)	(1,751,010)
Unrestricted	(11,002,785)	(4,236,097)
Total Net Position	\$ 23,345,094	\$ 21,318,826

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT CAMPBELLSVILLE, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2024

COMMENTS ON BUDGET COMPARISONS

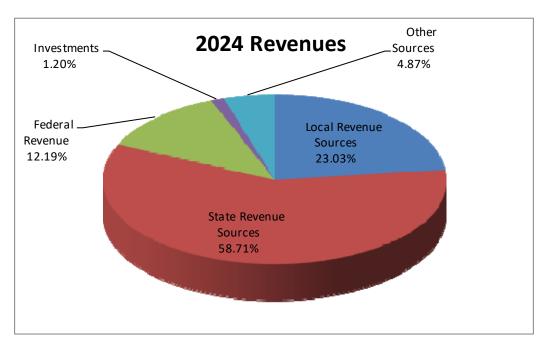
- The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, net of inter-fund transfers and on-behalf payments, were \$24,085,167.
- General fund budget compared to actual revenue (net of unbudgeted on-behalf payments) varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$40,807 more than budget.
- General fund final actual expenditures were \$4,393,851 less than budget.

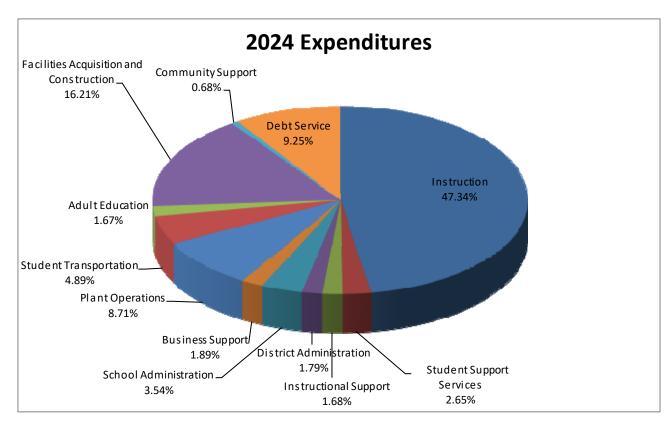
The following table presents a summary of revenue and expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Revenues:		
Local Revenue Sources	\$ 9,171,281	\$ 8,772,709
State Revenue Sources	23,384,846	31,170,535
Federal Revenue	4,855,031	5,157,450
Investments	479,536	180,006
Other Sources	1,937,923	1,733,685
Total Revenues	39,828,617	47,014,385
Expenditures:		
Instruction	22,778,607	23,313,976
Student Support Services	1,185,102	1,281,287
Instructional Support	806,645	830,561
District Administration	859,317	806,768
School Administration	1,702,020	1,835,861
Business Support	909,797	903,304
Plant Operations	4,190,720	3,726,311
Student Transportation	2,352,376	2,165,627
Adult Education	805,491	714,087
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	7,800,029	8,145,131
Community Support	280,694	328,360
Debt Service	4,450,284	4,316,144
Total Expenditures	48,121,082	48,367,417
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (8,292,465)	\$ (1,353,032)

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT CAMPBELLSVILLE, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2024

The following pie charts are included as additional illustrations of the District's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2024.





TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT CAMPBELLSVILLE, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2024

GENERAL FUND REVENUE SOURCES

General fund receipts in FY 2024 were derived from three sources: local taxes account for 19 percent of all revenue; state sources were responsible for 66 percent of general fund revenue; federal sources totaled 11 percent; and an additional 4 percent came from investment income, the sale of property and other miscellaneous fees.

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURE CATEGORIES

General Fund expenditures in FY 2024 were spread among more than one dozen functions.

Expenditure Category	Percent
Instructional Activities (teachers, instructional assistants, instructional supplies, materials & equipment)	58.2
Plant Operations	14.7
Student Transportation	8.5
School Administration Support (principal's offices)	5.4
Student Support Services (pupil attendance, guidance, social work, health, psychologist, speech pathologists, occupational and physical therapy, services for the visually impaired)	4.1
Instructional Staff Support	2.3
District Administration Support (board of ed, office of superintendent)	3.1
Business Support Services	3.2
Community Services, Site Improvement, Debt Service & Fund Transfers (Local Technology Match)	0
Other Services	0.5

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2 percent contingency. The district adopted a budget with \$3,813,447 in contingency (11% of the entire budget). The beginning cash balance for beginning the fiscal year was \$5,932,038.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent (270-465-5371) or to the Finance Officer (270-465-5371) or by mail at 1209 East Broadway, Campbellsville, KY 42718.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

	_		I	Business	
	Governmental Activities			Type	
			A	Activities	 Total
Assets:					
Current Assets:					
Cash & cash equivalents	\$	7,030,510	\$	117,413	\$ 7,147,923
Cash & cash equivalents, restricted		-		-	-
Inventory		-		48,818	48,818
Accounts receivable					
Taxes current		450,975		-	450,975
Other accounts receivable		43,545		-	43,545
Intergovernmental -state		101,653		-	101,653
Intergovernmental -indirect federal		1,036,614		590,432	1,627,046
Current portion bond discount, net		14,902		-	14,902
Total current assets		8,678,199		756,663	9,434,862
Noncurrent Assets:					
Land and other non-depreciable assets		11,220,593		-	11,220,593
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization		72,585,506		35,300	72,620,806
Net OPEB benefit		224,340		32,639	256,979
Bond discount, net		232,919		-	232,919
Total noncurrent assets		84,263,358		67,939	84,331,297
Total assets		92,941,557		824,602	93,766,159
Deferred outflows of resources					
CERS OPEB		1,418,903		206,427	1,625,330
KTRS OPEB		3,147,107		-	3,147,107
CERS		3,337,341		550,804	3,888,145
Total deferred outflows of resources		7,903,351		757,231	8,660,582

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CONTINUED June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	J 1	
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 621,236	\$ 298,460	\$ 919,696
Accrued interest payable	444,113	· -	444,113
Other accrued liabilities	1,809,944	_	1,809,944
Current portion of bond obligations	2,770,000	_	2,770,000
Current portion of lease liabilities	185,786	_	185,786
Current portion of accrued sick leave	221,113	_	221,113
Current portion of bond premium, net	1,097	_	1,097
Unearned revenue	251,758	_	251,758
Total current liabilities	6,305,047	298,460	6,603,507
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Noncurrent portion of bond obligations	43,890,080	-	43,890,080
Noncurrent portion of lease liabilities	1,058,103	-	1,058,103
Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave	574,425	-	574,425
Bond premium, net	10,513	-	10,513
Net OPEB liability-KTRS	4,499,000	-	4,499,000
Net pension liability	10,251,385	1,691,919	11,943,304
Total noncurrent liabilities	60,283,506	1,691,919	61,975,425
Total liabilities	66,588,553	1,990,379	68,578,932
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
OPEB-CERS	4,022,919	585,296	4,608,215
OPEB-KTRS	3,161,000	-	3,161,000
CERS	2,346,265	387,235	2,733,500
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,530,184	972,531	10,502,715
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	36,138,341	35,300	36,173,641
Restricted for:			
Inventories	-	48,818	48,818
Food Service	-	-	-
Other	-	(1,874,580)	(1,874,580)
Unrestricted	(11,412,170)	409,385	(11,002,785)
Total net position	\$ 24,726,171	\$ (1,381,077)	\$ 23,345,094

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and

			Program Revenues	;	Changes in Net Position				
		Charges	Operating	Capital		Business			
		for	Grants &	Grants &	Governmental	Type			
	Expense	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total		
Functions/Programs									
Governmental Activities:									
Instruction	\$ 23,199,009	\$ -	\$ 5,611,844	\$ -	\$(17,587,165)	\$ -	\$(17,587,165)		
Support Services									
Student	1,185,102	-	57,859	-	(1,127,243)	-	(1,127,243)		
Instruction Staff	806,645	-	178,482	-	(628,163)	-	(628,163)		
District Administrative	905,980	-	-	-	(905,980)	-	(905,980)		
School Administrative	1,702,020	-	203,888	-	(1,498,132)	-	(1,498,132)		
Business Support Services	909,797	-	16,332	-	(893,465)	-	(893,465)		
Plant Operation and Maintenance	4,206,138	8,040	104,803	-	(4,093,295)	-	(4,093,295)		
Student Transportation	2,503,792	-	2,460	-	(2,501,332)	-	(2,501,332)		
Adult Education Operations	805,491	-	-	-	(805,491)	-	(805,491)		
Community Service Operations	280,694	-	1,086,184	-	805,490	-	805,490		
Facilities Acquisition & Construction	-	-	-	1,405,490	1,405,490	-	1,405,490		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,565,527	-			(1,565,527)	-	(1,565,527)		
Total Governmental Activities	38,070,195	8,040	7,261,852	1,405,490	(29,394,813)	-	(29,394,813)		
Business-Type Activities									
Food Service	3,605,747	73,040	3,600,549	-	-	67,842	67,842		
Total business-type activities	3,605,747	73,040	3,600,549	-	-	67,842	67,842		
Total primary government	\$ 41,675,942	\$ 81,080	\$ 10,862,401	\$ 1,405,490	(29,394,813)	67,842	(29,326,971)		
			General Revenues:						
			Taxes						
			Property Taxe	es	6,713,372	<u>-</u>	6,713,372		
			Delinquent Pro		116,109	<u>-</u>	116,109		
			Motor Vehicle		1,088,020	<u>-</u>	1,088,020		
			Utility Taxes		1,213,634	_	1,213,634		
			Other Taxes		40,147	<u>-</u>	40,147		
			Investment Earni	nos	474,677	15,471	490,148		
			Federal and State	•	20,119,491	-	20,119,491		
			Miscellaneous	1110	1,387,786	<u>-</u>	1,387,786		
				le of Fixed Assets	184,532	<u>-</u>	184,532		
			Transfers		240,028	(240,028)	-		
			Total general rev	enues and transfers	31,577,796	(224,557)	31,353,239		
			Change in Net Posit		2,182,983	(156,715)	2,026,268		
			Net Position - Begin	nning	22,543,188	(1,224,362)	21,318,826		
			Net Position - Endir	ng	\$ 24,726,171	\$ (1,381,077)	\$ 23,345,094		

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

	 General Fund	Special Fund		•		•		•		Construction Fund																		•		Debt Service Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets and resources:																																			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,932,038	\$	-	\$	513,100	\$	-	\$	585,372	\$	7,030,510																								
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	-		-		-		-		-		-																								
Accounts receivable:																																			
Taxes current	450,975		-		-		-		-		450,975																								
Other accounts receivable	-		43,545		-		-		-		43,545																								
Intergovernmental - state	-		101,653		-		-		-		101,653																								
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	-	1	,036,614		-		-		-		1,036,614																								
Interfund receivable	973,728		-		-		-		-		973,728																								
Total assets and resources	\$ 7,356,741	\$ 1	,181,812	\$	513,100	\$	-	\$	585,372	\$	9,637,025																								
Liabilities and fund balance: Liabilities:																																			
Accounts payable	\$ 106,564	\$	-	\$	514,672	\$	-	\$	-	\$	621,236																								
Interfund payable	-		973,728		-		-		-		973,728																								
Accounts payable from restricted																																			
assets	-		-		-		-		-		-																								
Other accrued liabilities	1,809,944		-		-		-		-		1,809,944																								
Unearned revenue	-		208,084		-		-		43,674		251,758																								
Total liabilities	1,916,508		,181,812		514,672		-		43,674		3,656,666																								
Fund balances:																																			
Restricted - sick leave payable	287,212		-		-		-		-		287,212																								
Restricted - future construction	-		_		(1,572)		-		1,754		182																								
Restricted - other	_		_		-		_		_		_																								
Unassigned fund balance	5,153,021		-		-		-		539,944		5,692,965																								
Total fund balance	5,440,233		-		(1,572)		-		541,698		5,980,359																								
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 7,356,741	\$ 1	,181,812	\$	513,100	\$		\$	585,372	\$	9,637,025																								

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

Total fund balances per fund financial statements		\$ 5,980,359
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different bec	ause:	
Capital assets used in government activities are not current financial resources and therefore		
are not reported as assets in this fund financial statement. The cost of the assets is		
\$105,372,896, and the accumulated depreciation is \$21,566,797.		83,806,099
Deferred inflows of resources-CERS	\$ (6,369,184)	
Deferred inflows of resources-KTRS	(3,161,000)	
Deferred outflows of resources-CERS	4,756,244	
Deferred outflows of resources-KTRS	3,147,107	
Net OPEB benefit-CERS	224,340	
Net OPEB liability-KTRS	(4,499,000)	
Net pension liability	(10,251,385)	(16,152,878)
Bonds and capital lease payable are not reported in this fund financial statement because they		
are not due and payable in the current period, but they are presented in the statement of net		
position.		(47,903,969)
Certain liabilities, (Sick leave and interest payable) are not presented in this fund financial		
statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the statement		
of net position as follows:		
Bond premium, net	(11,610)	
Bond discount, net	247,821	
Interest Payable	(444,113)	
Accrued Sick Leave Payable	(795,538)	 (1,003,440)
Net position for governmental activities		\$ 24,726,171
•		

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Special Revenue			Other	Total
	General	(Grant)	Construction	Debt Service	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 5,538,508	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,331,120	\$ 6,869,628
Motor vehicles	1,088,020	-	-	-	-	1,088,020
Utilities	1,213,633	-	-	-	-	1,213,633
Tuition and fees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Earnings and investments	287,850	4,859	178,781	-	8,046	479,536
Other local revenues	58,487	550,137	-	-	1,329,299	1,937,923
Intergovernmental - state	18,521,806	2,065,036	-	1,392,514	1,405,490	23,384,846
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	146,894	4,641,820	-	-	-	4,788,714
Intergovernmental - direct federal	66,317					66,317
Total revenues	26,921,515	7,261,852	178,781	1,392,514	4,073,955	39,828,617
Expenditures:						
Instruction	16,149,072	5,463,732	-	_	1,165,803	22,778,607
Support services:	, ,	, ,	-		, ,	, ,
Student	1,127,243	57,859	-	_	_	1,185,102
Instructional staff	628,163	178,482	-	_	_	806,645
District Administration	859,317		-	_	_	859,317
School Administration	1,498,132	203,888	-	_	_	1,702,020
Business support services	893,465	16,332	-	-	-	909,797
Plant operations and maintenance	4,085,917	104,803	-	-	-	4,190,720
Student transportation	2,349,916	2,460	-	_	_	2,352,376
Food service operation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other - facilities	-	-	7,800,029	-	-	7,800,029
Community service activities	-	280,694	-	-	-	280,694
Adult Education Operations	-	805,491	-	-	-	805,491
Debt service:						
Principal	146,796	-	-	2,760,000	-	2,906,796
Interest	=	-	-	1,543,488	-	1,543,488
Total expenditures	27,738,021	7,113,741	7,800,029	4,303,488	1,165,803	48,121,082
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(816,506)	148,111	(7,621,248)	(2,910,974)	2,908,152	(8,292,465)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from capital lease	473,707					473,707
Proceeds from sale of assets		-	-	-	-	
Operating transfers in	184,532	49,045	-	2,910,974	26,620	184,532
Operating transfers in	302,026 (79,665)	(197,156)	-	2,910,974		3,288,665
Operating transfers out	(79,003)	(197,130)			(2,771,816)	(3,048,637)
Total other financing sources (uses)	880,600	(148,111)		2,910,974	(2,745,196)	898,267
Net change in fund balance	64,094	-	(7,621,248)	-	162,956	(7,394,198)
Fund Balance June 30, 2023	5,376,139		7,619,676	-	378,742	13,374,557
Fund Balance June 30, 2024	\$ 5,440,233	\$ -	\$ (1,572)	\$ -	\$ 541,698	\$ 5,980,359

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Change - Governmental Funds			\$ (7,394,198)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different	beca	ause:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures because they use current financial resources. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays for the year.			
Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays	\$	(1,762,989) 8,370,357	6,607,368
Bond proceeds are reported as financial sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.			
Principal Paid: District State Capital Leases Bond Proceeds		1,793,013 966,987 175,473	
Lease Proceeds		(473,707)	2,461,766
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.			
Accrued Interest Payable		37,438	
Accrued Sick Leave		(74,348)	
Bond premium, net Bond discount, net		1,097 (14,903)	
Net pension liability		1,595,455	
Net OPEB liability-CERS		3,458,020	
Net OPEB liability-KTRS		1,699,000	
Deferred outlows of resources		(2,257,711)	
Deferred inflows of resources		(3,751,470)	692,578
In the statement of activities the net gain on the sale/disposal of assets is reported in, whereas in the governmental funds the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances			
by the cost of the assets sold/disposed.		-	(184,532)
Rounding			1
Change in net position of governmental activities		-	\$ 2,182,983

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2024

		Food Service Fund
Assets		
Current assets:	¢.	117 412
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	117,413
Accounts Receivable		590,432
Inventory		48,818
Total current assets		756,663
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation		35,300
Total noncurrent assets		35,300
Total assets		791,963
Deferred Outflows of resources		
OPEB		206,427
CERS		550,804
Total Deferred Outflows of resources		757,231
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable		298,460
Total current liabilities		298,460
Noncurrent liabilities		
Net OPEB liability - CERS		(32,639)
Net pension liability - CERS		1,691,919
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,659,280
Total liabilities		1,957,740
Deferred Inflows of resources		
OPEB-CERS		585,296
CERS		387,235
Total Deferred Inflows of resources		972,531
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets		35,300
Restricted:		
Inventory		48,818
Restricted - other		(1,874,580)
Unrestricted		409,385
Total net position	\$	(1,381,077)

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Food Service Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Lunchroomsales	\$ 43,837
Other operating revenues	29,203
Total operating revenues	73,040
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and benefits	1,671,435
Contract services	25,864
Material and supplies	1,836,708
Depreciation	3,735
Other operating expenses	68,005
Total operating expenses	3,605,747
Operating income (loss)	(3,532,707)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	
Federal grants	3,208,772
Donated commodities	71,571
State grants	320,206
Interest income	15,471
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	3,616,020
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	83,313
Net transfers	(240,028)
Change in net position	(156,715)
Net position - beginning	(1,224,362)
Net position - ending	\$ (1,381,077)

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Cash received from: Lunchroom sales	\$	43,837
Other activities	Ψ	29,203
Cash paid to/for:		-,
Employees		(1,330,060)
Supplies		(1,440,680)
Other activities		(93,869)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(2,791,568)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
State grants		25,000
Federal grants	_	2,618,341
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		2,643,341
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Receipt of interest income		15,470
Purchase of assets Net transfers		(645) (240,028)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(225,203)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(373,430)
Balances, beginning of year		490,843
Balances, end of year	\$	117,413
Reconciliation of change in operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(3,532,707)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		3,735
State on-behalf payments		295,206
Donated commodities		71,571
GASB 68 expense GASB 75 expense		114,502 (68,838)
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		(00,030)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		29,088
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		295,876
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(2,791,568)
Schedule of non-cash transactions:		
On behalf payments from the state for employee benefits	\$	295,206
Donated commodities received from federal government		71,571
Gasb 68 & 75 expenses (net)		45,664

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Taylor County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Taylor County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Taylor County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Taylor County Board of Education Finance Corporation</u> – On November 19, 1990, the Taylor County, Kentucky, Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Taylor County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide financial statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

Governmental Fund Types

- 1. The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Board. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- 2. The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal awards included in this report on pages 62 through 64. This is a major fund of the District.
- 3. The District Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and is used to account for funds received at the school level.
- 4. Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).
 - a. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the district's facility plan.
 - b. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the district's facility plan. This is a major fund of the District.
 - c. The Construction Fund includes Capital Projects Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.
- 4. The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of, general long-term principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law.

• Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)

- 1. The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.
- 2. Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are the revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

• Fiduciary Fund Types

1. The Agency Funds account for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds comply with *Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds*.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available.

Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the District's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported in inventory.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.598 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.598 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.537 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

Inter-fund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term inter-fund loans are classified as "inter-fund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- The budget can be amended after initial approval.
- Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.
- On-Behalf payments were not considered in the budget.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are re-appropriated in the next year. There were no outstanding encumbrances at year-end.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, nonnegotiable certificates of deposits and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

The only inventory maintained by the District consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and is accounted for in the Enterprise Fund. Inventory consists of donated and purchased food held for resale and is expensed when used. Purchased food is valued at cost and the U.S. Government donated commodities value is determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2024 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Receivables

The District recognizes revenues as receivable when they are measurable and receipt is probable. Concentration of credit risk with respect to the receivables from federal and state governments is limited due to the historical stability of those institutions.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the non-current portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Fund Balance Reserves

- Non-spendable fund balance-amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balances-amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the action to remove or change the constraint;

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- Assigned fund balance-amounts the District intends to use for specific purpose (such as encumbrances); intent can be expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the District delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balances-amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund

When expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the District Board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or other outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Inter-fund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available, the Board's policy is to apply restricted net positions first.

NOTE 2 – ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities.

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents (cash equivalents are funds temporarily invested in securities with a maturity of 90 days or less) was \$7,147,923 while the bank statements totaled \$7,525,987. Of the total bank balances, \$250,000 was insured by FDIC; collateral agreements were executed and collateral, with a FMV of \$12,330,000 and book value of \$12,016,677, was pledged and held by the pledging bank's trust departments in the District's name to secure the remainder of deposits.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations on the use of the funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK) Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, Food Service Fund and Agency Fund.

Kentucky Revised Statutes authorizes the District to invest in the following: obligations of the United States Government and of its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements and specially approved AAA rated corporate bonds; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and of its agencies and municipalities; certificates of deposit or other interest bearing accounts issued by any bank or savings and loan institution up to FDIC insured amount, and in larger amounts provided that the bank pledges as security obligations having a current market value at least equal to any uninsured deposits.

The District held no investments at June 30, 2024.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2023	A	Additions		ansfers/ irements	J	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:						,		
Land	\$	3,687,773	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,687,773
Construction in Progress		7,886,835		7,013,788	(7,367,803)		7,532,820
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated		11,574,608		7,013,788	(7,367,803)		11,220,593
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:								
Land Improvements		572,800		-		-		572,800
Buildings and Building Improvements		76,339,694		1,079,342	,	7,367,803		84,786,839
Right to Use Assets		226,885		-				226,885
Technology equipment		2,562,415		6,550		(574)		2,568,391
Vehicles		3,728,866		223,879		(205,080)		3,747,665
General Equipment		2,202,925		46,799		-		2,249,724
Totals at historical cost		85,633,585		1,356,570		7,162,149		94,152,304
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land Improvements		480,080		19,690		-		499,770
Buildings and Building Improvements		12,771,408		1,256,938		-		14,028,346
Right to Use Assets		150,702		49,284				199,986
Technology Equipment		1,989,005		217,678		(392)		2,206,291
Vehicles		2,643,105		168,844		(20,730)		2,791,219
General Equipment		1,790,631		50,555		-		1,841,186
Construction				<u>-</u> _				<u>-</u> _
Total accumulated depreciation		19,824,931		1,762,989		(21,122)		21,566,798
Governmental Activities Capital Net	\$	77,383,262	\$	6,607,369	\$	(184,532)	\$	83,806,099

Depreciation Expense Charged to Governmental Functions as Follows:

Instructional	\$ 1,549,491
Student Transportation	151,417
District Administration	46,663
Plant Operation and Maintenance	15,418
Total	\$ 1,762,989

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original amount of the issue, the issue dates, and interest rates are summarized below:

	District	SFCC		Interest	
	Original	Original		Rate	Maturity
Issue	 Amount		Amount	Ranges	Dates
Issue of Feb., 2012	\$ 1,840,000	\$	-	1.85%	Apr. 1, 2024
Issue of Feb., 2015	\$ 25,225,969	\$	20,359,031	2.00% - 3.250%	Feb. 1, 2035
Issue of Jul., 2016	\$ 2,521,171	\$	63,829	2.00% - 2.750%	Aug. 1, 2036
Issue of Sept., 2019	\$ 4,245,000	\$	-	2.00% - 2.625%	Jun. 1, 2039
Issue of May, 2020	\$ 1,680,000	\$	-	2.00%	May 1, 2030
Issue of June, 2022	\$ 8,243,099	\$	186,901	3.75%-4%	June 1, 2042
Issue of June, 2023	\$ 1,115,000	\$	-	3.40%-4.25%	June 1, 2043

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Taylor County Fiscal Court to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The District has "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2024 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Taylor County S	chool District	Kentuck Construction		
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2024-2025	1,773,980	1,070,666	996,020	396,496	4,237,162
2025-2026	1,824,078	1,024,363	1,025,922	366,595	4,240,958
2026-2027	1,878,277	972,909	1,056,723	335,792	4,243,701
2027-2028	1,936,551	920,228	1,088,449	304,064	4,249,292
2028-2029	1,993,870	865,817	1,121,130	271,384	4,252,201
2030-2034	10,118,947	3,412,356	6,136,053	826,520	20,493,876
3035-2039	8,978,569	1,935,110	1,396,511	57,577	12,367,767
2040-2044	5,297,482	443,286	37,518	3,044	5,781,330
Totals	\$ 33,801,754	\$ 10,644,735	\$ 12,858,326	\$ 2,561,472	\$ 59,866,287

Total interest incurred for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$1,565,527, all of which was charged to expense.

KISTA Bus Leases

The District entered into a capital lease in March 2020 with the Kentucky Inter-local Transportation Association (KISTA) upon purchase of four school buses. Principal payments are due annually on March 1. Interest is stated at 2.00% and is due semi-annually on September 1 and March 1.

The District entered into a capital lease in April 2021 with the Kentucky Inter-local Transportation Association (KISTA) upon purchase of two school buses. Principal payments are due annually on March 1. Interest is stated at 1.25% - 1.500% and is due semi-annually on September 1 and March 1.

The District entered into a capital lease in April 2022 with the Kentucky Inter-local Transportation Association (KISTA) upon purchase of two school buses. Principal payments are due annually on March 1. Interest is stated at 3.00% and is due semi-annually on September 1 and March 1.

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS – CONTINUED

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liabilities and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending,		
June 30,	Principal Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 185,786	\$ 31,701
2026	181,989	30,851
2027	177,019	25,239
2028	163,864	20,470
2029	160,312	16,173
Thereafter	374,919	32,192
Total requirements	\$ 1,243,889	\$ 156,626

Amortization of leased equipment under capital assets is included with depreciation expense

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments. As of June 30, 2024, management has estimated the accrued sick leave liability obligation will be approximately \$795,538. The entire sick leave liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Long-term liability the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	I	Beginning Balance					Enc	ling Balance	-	Amounts ue Within
	J	uly 1, 2023	A	dditions	R	eductions	Ju	ne 30, 2024		One Year
Governmental Activities										
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$	49,420,080	\$	=	\$	2,760,000	\$	46,660,080	\$	2,770,000
Lease Payable		945,655		473,707		175,473		1,243,889		185,786
Accrued Sick Leave		721,190		74,348		-		795,538		221,113
Bond Premium, net		12,707				1,097		11,610		1,097
Net OPEB Liability - CERS		3,233,680		-		3,233,680		-		-
Net OPEB Liability - KTRS		6,198,000		-		1,699,000		4,499,000		-
Net pension liability		11,846,840				1,595,455		10,251,385		
Governmental Activities										
Long-term Liabilities	\$	72,378,152	\$	548,055	\$	9,464,705	\$	63,461,502	\$	3,177,996

The debt service fund is primarily responsible for paying bond obligations through funding from the capital outlay and FSPK funds. The general fund is primarily responsible for paying accrued vacation and sick leave.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS

Kentucky Teacher's Retirement

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees retirement system Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description - Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided – CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death, and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old At least 5 years of service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87 Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and the hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for non-service related disability benefits.

Contributions – Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

The district's contribution requirement for CERS for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 was \$1,348,467, \$1,292,912, and \$1,125,611 from the District and \$288,875, \$276,263 and 265,851 from employees. The total covered payroll for CERS during the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$5,777,495, \$5,525,266, and \$5,317,012.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS")

Plan description – Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05 publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided – For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions – Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 10.640 % of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 8.425% of their salary to KTRS.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 13.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

During the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 contributions of \$5,346,192, \$5,346,192 and \$3,538,044 were made by the State of Kentucky and \$354,897, \$354,897 and \$297,396 in contributions were passed through the District's federally funded programs. Employee contributions for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 totaled \$1,820,941, \$1,783,665 and \$1,717,443. All payments were made to the retirement system in the amount of the annually required contributions.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District Commonwealth support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate shares of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 11,943,304
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension	
liability associated with the District	60,029,070
	\$ 71,972,374

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023 the Districts proportion was 0.186134% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,462,836 related to CERS and 3,610,826 related to KTRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$3,610,826 for KTRS support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experiene	\$	618,282	\$	32,453
Changes of assumptions		-	1	,094,612
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,290,215	1	,453,128
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		631,181		153,307
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,348,467		
Total	\$	3,888,145	\$ 2	2,733,500

The District reported \$1,348,467 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year end	ed June 30:
2025	173,166
2026	(517,989)
2027	266,623
2028	(115,622)

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Actuarial assumptions—the total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	KTRS
Inflation	2.30%	3.00%
Projected salray increases	3.30%-10.30%	3.50%-7.30%
Investment rate of return, net of	6.25%	7.50%
investment arnances & inflation		

For CERS, the mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Nonhazardous Plans, and the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous Plans, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for non-disabled retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

For KTRS, Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Discount rate—for CERS, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% for CERS Nonhazardous and CERS Hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 30 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. We assumed that plan member contributions will be made in full at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at actuarially determined contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Long-term rate of return: For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for the System. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

For KTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target	Long-Term
Large CapU.S. Equity	37.4%	4.2%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	4.7%
Developed International Equity	16.5%	5.3%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5%	5.4%
Fixed Income	15.0%	-0.1%
High Yield Bonds	2.0%	1.7%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	2.2%
Real Estate	7.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.9%
Cash	2.0%	-0.3%
Total	100.0%	

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table present the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
District's proportionate share of net			
pension liability	15,079,143	11,943,304	9,337,304
KTRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of net			
pension liability	=	_	_

Pension plan fiduciary net positions—detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and KTRS.

DEFERRED COMPENSATION:

The District also offers employees the option to participate in a defined contribution plan under Section 403(B), 401(K) and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. All regular full-time and part-time employees are eligible to participate and may contribute up to the maximum amount allowable by law. The District does not contribute to these plans. For the year ended June 30, 2024, employee contributed approximately \$187,064 to the plan.

NOTE 7 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

General Information about the OPEB Plan - CERS

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description - Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund, a component of the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

NOTE 7 – POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - CONTINUED

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund offers coverage for eligible members receiving benefits from KERS, CERS, and SPRS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance based on years of service.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, for Tier 1 plan members (those participating prior to September 1, 2008) 5.26% of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed, all of which is paid by the District. For Tier 2 plan members (those participating on, or after September 1, 2008 and before January 1, 2014 an additional 1% of the gross annual payroll is contributed by the plan member. Tier 3 plan members (those whose participation began after January 1, 2014) also contribute an additional 1% of their annual payroll into a Cash Balance Plan. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan

General Information about the OPEB Plan - KTRS

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$4,274,660 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.186127%.

NOTE 7 – POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - CONTINUED

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate shares of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,242,021
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	3,792,000
	\$ 8,034,021

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$375,578) and revenue of \$294,997 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experiene	\$	179,154	\$ 5,173,851	
Changes of assumptions		1,528,718	352,434	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		564,927	540,567	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,993,535	1,702,363	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		516,103		
Total	\$	4,782,437	\$ 7,769,215	

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$83,996 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2025	(897,457)
2026	(1,071,123)
2027	(584,464)
2028	(672,837)
2029	(121,000)
Thereafter	(156,000)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 7 – POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - CONTINUED

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	5.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	-0.1%
Real Estate	6.5%	4.0%
Private Equity	8.5%	6.9%
Additional Category: High Yield	8.0%	1.7%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	2.2%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.0%	-0.3%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

CERS – The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

Discount rate – For CERS, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 5.20% for CERS Non-hazardous assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contributions rate of projected compensation over the remaining 26 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 6.56%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2017. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the CAFR.

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table present the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
CERS:	4.93%	5.93%	6.93%	
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)	482,252	(256,979)	(875,995)	
KTRS:	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%	
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	5,787,000	4,499,000	3,435,000	

NOTE 7 – POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase		
Districts' net OPEB liability	3,239,000	4,499,000	6,068,000		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the Kentucky School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

	\$ 94,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	94,000
District's proportionate shares of the net OPEB liability	\$ -

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees. To obtain insurance of workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. The public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school district and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage. Contributions to the Workers' Compensation fund are based on premium rates established by such fund in conjunction with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and a group discount amount. Dividends may be declared, but are not payable until twenty-four (24) months after the expiration of the self-insurance term. The Liability Insurance fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage and for any reason by giving a ninety (90) day notice. In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund (after payment of operational and administrative costs and claims for which coverage was provided) would be returned to the members on a pro rata basis.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT - CONTINUED

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 - CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

NOTE 10 - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE 11 - DEFICIT OPERATING/FUND BALANCES

Ther following fund had a deficit balance at June 30, 2024.

Construction Fund

(\$1,572)

NOTE 12 - TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
Operating	School Activity	General Fund	Operating	\$ 27,160
Operating	General Fund	Debt Service	Debt Service	79,665
Operating	Special Revenue	Special Revenue	Operating	(9,278)
Operating	Special Revenue	General Fund	Indirect Cost	197,156
Operating	Building Fund	Debt Service	Debt Service	2,499,440
Operating	Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Debt Service	245,216
Operating	School Food Svc	General Fund	Indirect Cost	55,828
Operating	School Food Svc	Debt Service	Debt Service	166,318
Operating	District Activity	General Fund	Operating	27,160
				\$ 3,288,665

NOTE 13 – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The following are the on-behalf payments the District received from the Commonwealth of Kentucky for the year ended June 30, 2024:

TRS - GASB 68	\$ 3,610,826
TRS - GASB 75	304,330
Health Insurance	3,867,179
Life Insurance	5,168
Administrative Fees	41,260
Flexible Plans	177,888
Technology	83,318
Debt Service	1,392,514
Less: Federal Reimbursements	 (526,691)
Total	\$ 8,955,792

NOTE 14 - LITIGATION

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

NOTE 15 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The government-wide statement of net position reports (1,825,762) of restricted net position, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed subsequent events through November 11, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Variance with

				Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts		Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
From local sources				
Taxes				
Property	\$ 4,935,000	\$ 5,030,186	\$ 5,538,508	\$ 508,322
Motor vehicles	897,272	976,395	1,088,020	111,625
Utilities	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,213,633	63,633
Tuition and fees	5,000	-	-	-
Earnings on investments	25,000	100,002	287,850	187,848
Other local revenues	24,100	24,100	58,487	34,387
Intergovernmental - state	17,982,623	19,445,024	18,521,806	(923,218)
Intergovernmental - direct federal	55,000	100,000	146,894	46,894
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	100,000	55,000	66,317	11,317
Total revenues	25,173,995	26,880,707	26,921,515	40,807
Expenditures:				
Instruction	15,513,489	17,020,182	16,149,072	871,110
Support Services:				
Student	1,006,713	1,172,851	1,127,243	45,608
Instructional staff	575,927	678,547	628,163	50,384
District administration	821,551	796,593	859,317	(62,724)
School administration	1,522,096	1,585,108	1,498,132	86,976
Business support services	904,689	957,148	893,465	63,683
Plant operation and maintenance	3,549,524	3,930,295	4,085,917	(155,622)
Student transportation	1,952,348	2,030,905	2,349,916	(319,011)
Community service activities	1,592	-	-	-
Debt service	146,796	146,796	146,796	-
Contingency	3,276,398	3,813,447	-	3,813,447
Total expenditures	29,271,123	32,131,872	27,738,021	4,393,851
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(4,097,128)	(5,251,165)	(816,506)	4,434,658
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from capital lease	_	_	473,707	473,707
Proceeds from the sale of assets	_	_	184,532	184,532
Operating transfers in	147,128	213,918	302,026	88,108
Operating transfers out	(50,000)	(89,208)	(79,665)	9,543
Total other financing sources (uses)	97,128	124,710	880,600	755,890
Net change in fund balance	(4,000,000)	(5,126,455)	64,094	5,190,549
Fund balance June 30, 2023	4,000,000		5,376,139	249,684
Fund balance June 30, 2023 Fund balance June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ 5,126,455	\$ 5,440,233	\$ 5,440,233
1 und varance June 30, 2027	ψ -	ψ -	ψ 3,770,433	φ 5,770,433

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL REVENUE For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted			Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:					
Earnings and investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,859	\$ 4,859	
Other local revenues	219,200	260,200	550,137	289,937	
Intergovernmental - state	2,036,173	2,074,736	2,065,036	(9,700)	
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	1,917,462	5,003,540	4,641,820	(361,720)	
Intergovernmental - direct federal					
Total revenues	4,172,835	7,338,476	7,261,852	(76,623)	
Expenditures:					
Instruction	3,107,651	6,211,894	5,463,732	748,162	
Support services:					
Student	55,090	59,267	57,859	1,408	
Instuctional staff	70,430	(16,975)	178,482	(195,457)	
District administration	-	-	-	-	
School administration	-	(319,947)	203,888	(523,835)	
Business support services	-	-	16,332	(16,332)	
Plant operations and maintenance	78,807	77,559	104,803	(27,244)	
Student transportation	-	(26,671)	2,460	(29,131)	
Community service activities	239,170	239,170	280,694	(41,524)	
Adult Education	487,487	979,979	805,491	174,488	
Total expenditures	4,038,635	7,204,276	7,113,741	90,535	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	134,200	134,200	148,111	13,911	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in	50,000	50,000	49,045	(955)	
Operating transfers out	(184,200)	(184,200)	(197,156)	(12,956)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(134,200)	(134,200)	(148,111)	(13,911)	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-	
Fund balance June 30, 2023	_	_	-	-	
Fund balance June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET PENSION LIABILITY June 30,2024

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (a	0.186134%	0.188977%	0.161482%	0.156097%	0.148067%	0.149763%	0.141441%	0.13652%	0.13761%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 11,943,304	\$13,661,173	\$ 10,295,744	\$11,972,511	\$ 10,413,618	\$ 9,121,023	\$ 8,278,977	\$6,721,499	\$5,916,544
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,777,495	\$ 5,317,012	\$ 4,002,656	\$ 4,066,731	\$ 3,810,316	\$3,788,939	\$3,516,201	\$3,252,733	\$3,212,339
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of it covered-employee payroll	206.72%	256.93%	257.22%	294.40%	273.30%	240.73%	235.45%	206.64%	184.18%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.48%	52.42%	57.33%	47.81%	50.45%	53.54%	53.30%	55.50%	59.97%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,348,467	\$1,292,912	\$1,125,611	\$ 772,513	\$ 784,880	\$ 618,033	\$ 548,639	\$ 490,510	\$ 403,989
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,348,467)	(1,292,912)	(1,125,611)	(772,513)	(784,880)	(618,033)	(548,638)	(490,510)	(403,989)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,777,495	\$5,525,266	\$ 5,317,012	\$4,002,656	\$4,066,731	\$3,810,316	\$3,788,939	\$3,516,201	\$3,252,733
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	23.34%	23.40%	21.17%	19.30%	19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CERS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – ACTUARIAL METHOS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED TO DETERMINE THE ACTUARIAL DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the actuarially determined contributions effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 (the most current year available):

Valuation date June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Asset valuation method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Amortization method Level percent of pay

Remaining amortization period 26 years, closed

Payroll growth rate 2.00% Investment return 6.25% Inflation 2.30%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 43.30% to 11.55 %, varies by service

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with

scale BB (set back 1 year for females)

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE KTRS NET PENSION LIABILITY June 30, 2024

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
District's prportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability										
(asset) associated with the District	\$60,029,070	\$ 58,594,111	\$44,323,407	\$48,140,954	\$43,368,717	\$42,956,102	\$ 92,658,744	\$ 101,268,560	\$80,158,045	\$70,702,066
Total	\$60,029,070	\$ 58,594,111	\$44,323,407	\$48,140,954	\$43,368,717	\$42,956,102	\$ 92,658,744	\$101,268,560	\$80,158,045	\$70,702,066
District's covered-employee payroll	13,817,629	11,045,650	10,755,050	10,740,271	10,848,983	11,018,829	11,325,743	11,189,225	11,058,055	10,791,927
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of it covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.68%	56.41%	65.59%	58.27%	58.80%	59.30%	34.34%	35.22%	42.49%	45.59%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO KTRS June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 422,107	\$ 414,529	\$ 331,365	\$ 322,560	\$ 152,700	\$ 154,434	\$ 117,926	\$ 120,033	\$ 116,568	\$ 121,290
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(422,107)	(414,529)	(331,365)	(322,560)	(152,700)	(154,234)	(117,926)	(120,033)	(116,568)	(121,290)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$14,070,243	\$13,817,629	\$11,045,650	\$10,755,050	\$10,740,271	\$10,848,983	\$11,018,829	\$11,325,743	\$11,189,225	\$11,058,055
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	1.42%	1.42%	1.07%	1.06%	1.04%	1.10%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET OPEB LIABILITY June 30, 2024

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.186127%	0.188948%	0.161445%	0.156052%	0.148028%	0.149757%	0.141441%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (256,979)	\$3,728,915	\$3,090,784	\$3,768,181	\$ 2,489,764	\$ 2,658,906	\$ 2,843,448
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,525,266	\$5,317,012	\$4,002,656	\$4,066,731	\$3,810,316	\$3,788,939	\$3,516,201
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of it covered-employee payroll	-4.65%	70.13%	77.22%	92.66%	65.34%	70.18%	80.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	104.23%	60.95%	62.91%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.40%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS - OPEB

June 30, 2024

	2024	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$	187,307	\$	307,323	\$	190,526	\$	193,576	\$	200,421	\$ 178,080
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			(187,307)		(307,323)		(190,576)		(193,576)		(200,421)	 (178,080)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,777,492	\$	5,525,266	\$	5,317,012	\$	4,002,656	\$	4,066,731	\$	3,810,316	\$ 3,788,939
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.00%		3.39%		5.78%		4.76%		4.76%		5.26%	4.70%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CERS OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1-ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED TO DETERMINE THE ACTUARIAL DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023

The following actuarial methods and assumptions, for actuarially determined contributions effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 (the most current available):

Valuation date June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level percent of pay
Amortization period 22 years, Closed

Asset valuation method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Remaining amortization period 26 years, Closed

Inflation 3.00%

Real wage growth 0.50%

Wage inflation 3.50%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.50%-7.20%

Discount rate 8.00%

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Under Age 65 7.50% for FYE 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FYE 2024

Ages 65 and Older 5.50% for FYE 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FYE 2021

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE KTRS NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE June 30,2024

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB medical insurance liability (asset)	0.184710%	0.249679%	0.182442%	0.182442%	0.170416%	0.170411%	0.182280%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 4,499,000	\$ 6,198,000	\$ 3,900,000	\$ 4,604,000	\$ 4,988,000	\$ 5,913,000	\$ 6,500,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	3,792,000	2,036,000	3,168,000	3,688,000	4,028,000	5,096,000	5,309,000
Total	\$ 8,291,000	\$ 8,234,000	\$ 7,068,000	\$ 8,292,000	\$ 9,016,000	\$11,009,000	\$ 11,809,000
District's covered-employee payroll	13,817,629	11,045,650	10,755,050	10,740,271	9,891,300	11,018,829	11,325,743
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of it covered-employee payroll	32.56%	56.11%	36.26%	42.87%	50.43%	53.66%	57.39%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	52.97%	47.75%	51.74%	39.05%	32.58%	25.50%	21.18%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO KTRS - OPEB MEDICAL INSURANCE June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 422,107	\$ 414,529	\$ 331,365	\$ 322,560	\$ 322,021	\$ 296,451	\$ 325,469	\$ 330,565
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(422,107)	(414,529)	(331,365)	(322,560)	(322,021)	(296,451)	(325,469)	(330,565)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$14,070,243	\$13,817,629	\$11,045,650	\$10,755,050	\$10,740,271	\$ 9,891,300	\$10,848,983	\$11,018,829
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - KTRS OPEB MEDICAL INSURANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2023 (the most current available):

Valuation date June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Percent of Payroll

Amortization Period 22 years, Closed

Asset valuation method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Remaining amortization period 26 years, Closed

Inflation3.00%Real Wage Growth0.50%Wage Inflation3.50%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.50% - 7.20%

Discount Rate 8.00%

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Under Age 65 7.75% for FYE 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FYE 2024

Ages 65 and Older 5.75% for FYE 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FYE 2024

Medicare Part B Premiums 0.00% for FYE 2018 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2030

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE KTRS NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE June 30, 2024

		2023		2022		2021		2020	 2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.	000000%	(0.000000%	0	.000000%	(0.000000%	0.000000%	0	.000000%	(0.000000%
District's prportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	\$	94,000	\$	101,000	\$	42,000	\$	112,000	\$ 94,000	\$	87,000	\$	71,000
Total	\$	94,000	\$	101,000	\$	42,000	\$	112,000	\$ 94,000	\$	87,000	\$	71,000
District's covered-employee payroll	13	,817,629	1	1,045,650	10	0,755,050	1	0,740,271	9,891,300	11	,018,829	1	1,325,743
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of it covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		76.91%		73.97%		89.15%		71.57%	75.00%		75.00%		79.99%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO KTRS - OPEB LIFE INSURANCE June 30, 2024

	20	2024 2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution														_		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
District's covered-employee payroll	\$14,0	70,243	\$13,81	7,629	\$11,04	5,650	\$10,75	5,050	\$10,74	0,271	\$ 9,89	91,300	\$10,84	18,983	\$11,01	8,829
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - KTRS NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2023 (the most current available):

Valuation date June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Level Percent of Payroll

Amortization Period 30 years, Open

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed value

Inflation3.50%Real Wage Growth0.50%Wage Inflation4.00%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 4.00% - 8.10%

Discount Rate 7.50%

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Under Age 65 7.75% for FYE 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

5.00% by FYE 2024

Ages 65 and Older 5.75% for FYE 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

5.00% by FYE 2024

Medicare Part B Premiums 0.00% for FYE 2018 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2030



TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

	District Activity Fund		Ā	School Activity Funds	Ca Oı	EEK pital ıtlay und		uilding Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Assets and resources:	\$ 43,674		Ф	520.044	Φ		Ф	1.754	Ф	505 272	
Cash & cash equivalents Accounts receivable	2	43,674	\$	539,944	\$ \$	-	\$	1,754	\$	585,372	
Total assets and resources	\$	43,674	\$	539,944	Ψ		\$	1,754	\$	585,372	
Liabilities and fund balance: Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Unearned revenue		43,674								43,674	
Total liabilities		43,674								43,674	
Fund balance											
Restricted - KSFCC escrow prior year		-		-		-		1,754		1,754	
Restricted - future construction		-		-		-		-		-	
Restricted - debt service		-		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned		_		539,944				_		539,944	
Total fund balance				539,944				1,754		541,698	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	43,674	\$	539,944	\$		\$	1,754	\$	585,372	

TA YLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	District Activity Fund	School Activity Funds	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,331,120	\$ 1,331,120
Earnings on investments	-	-	-	8,046	8,046
Intergovernmental - local	-	-	245 216	1 160 274	1 405 400
Intergovernmental - state	21.751	1 207 540	245,216	1,160,274	1,405,490
Other revenue	21,751	1,307,548	245 216	2 400 440	1,329,299
Total revenues	21,751	1,307,548	245,216	2,499,440	4,073,955
Expenditures:					
Instruction	48,371	1,117,432	-	-	1,165,803
Support services	-	-	-	-	-
Plant operation and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-	-
Building improvements	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service					
Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Other					
Total expenditures	48,371	1,117,432			1,165,803
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(26,620)	190,116	245,216	2,499,440	2,908,152
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in	26,620	_	_	_	26,620
Operating transfers out	-	(27,160)	(245,216)	(2,499,440)	(2,771,816)
Total other financing sources (uses)	26,620	(27,160)	(245,216)	(2,499,440)	(2,745,196)
Net change in fund balance	-	162,956	-	0	162,956
Fund balance June 30, 2023		376,988		1,754	378,742
Fund balance June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ 539,944	\$ -	\$ 1,754	\$ 541,698

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCES SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCES FOR ACTIVITY FUNDS

	Cash Balance	Actual	Actual	Cash Balance	Accounts	Accounts	Fund Balance
	July 1, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2024	Receivable	Payable	June 30, 2024
Academic Team	\$ 262	\$ 300	\$ 531	\$ 31	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31
Agriculture Greenhouse	11,688	7,704	13,555	5,837	-	-	5,837
Agri Constructions	1,331	300	1,631	-	-	-	-
AG Achiever Grant	-	10,000	-	10,000	-	-	10,000
Art	584	2,011	813	1,782	-	-	1,782
T-Sign Productions	213	-	213	-	-	-	-
Athletics	8,741	195,260	197,363	6,638	-	-	6,638
Girls Basketball	4	15,690	13,603	2,091	-	-	2,091
Boys Basketball	-	17,259	16,252	1,007	-	-	1,007
Mens Bowling	2,717	2,885	3,786	1,816	-	-	1,816
Volleyball	10,204	13,385	16,222	7,367	-	-	7,367
Golf Team	67	2,390	2,243	214	-	-	214
Baseball	7,240	14,484	15,991	5,733	-	-	5,733
Boys Soccer	4,459	8,610	8,454	4,615	-	-	4,615
Girls Soccer	2,455	12,223	12,390	2,288	-	-	2,288
Cheerleading	16,334	54,840	53,941	17,233	-	-	17,233
Girls Bowling	1,660	770	649	1,781	-	-	1,781
Swim Team	1,036	3,181	1,559	2,658	-	-	2,658
Girls Golf	680	5,845	6,525	-	-	-	-
Softball	8,633	39,969	31,582	17,020	-	-	17,020
CC and Track	1,175	5,262	5,599	838	-	-	838
Archery	6,685	8,172	6,675	8,182	-	-	8,182
Dance Team	757	6,259	6,877	139	-	-	139
Outdoor Club	6,437	9,198	6,961	8,674	-	-	8,674
Tennis Club	476	210	277	409	-	-	409
Touchdown Club	4,209	36,670	25,903	14,976	-	-	14,976
Wrestling Team	3,569	13,298	9,855	7,012	-	-	7,012
Cross Country	552	1,487	639	1,400	-	-	1,400
Community Donations	21	17,550	17,700	(129)	2,400	-	2,271
Girls Tennis	-	638	332	306	-	-	306
D. Gonzales Scholarship	-	1,000	500	500	-	-	500
Band	7	27,000	26,481	526	-	-	526
Beta Club	4,107	15,520	10,367	9,260	-	-	9,260
STLP	338	-	-	338	-	-	338
Cardinal Kroger	26,037	67,248	62,167	31,118	53	-	31,171
Cosmetology	4,712	3,300	3,541	4,471	-	-	4,471
Chorus	17	-	-	17	-	-	17
TRI-M Club	18	-	-	18	-	-	18
Concessions - Students	610	-	-	610	-	-	610

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCES FOR ACTIVITY FUNDS - CONTINUED

	Cash Balance July 1, 2023		Actual Receipts		Actual Disbursements		Cash Balance June 30, 2024		Accounts Receivable		Accounts Payable		Fund Balance June 30, 2024	
Concessions - Lounge	<u> </u>	475		2,017		528		1,964		-	'			1,964
Creative Writer's Club		114		-		-		114		-		-		114
DECA	\$	235	\$	-	\$	196	\$	39	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39
English		21		-		-		21		-		-		21
Drama		3,506		4,743		3,740		4,509		-		-		4,509
Cultural Literacy		1,004		-		290		714		-		-		714
Mock Trial		2,498		1,681		2,860		1,319		-		-		1,319
Faculty Flower Fund		88		230		-		318		-		-		318
Family/Consumer		1,169		2,494		3,222		441		-		-		441
FCA		433		559		657		335		-		-		335
Farm to School		1,972		1,295		2,528		739		-		-		739
FFA		3,393		54,897		51,628		6,662		-		-		6,662
WWE Scholarship		2,500		-		500		2,000		-		-		2,000
David O'Banion Memorial		1,025		-		-		1,025		-		-		1,025
FCCLA (FHA)		10,448		14,296		19,024		5,720		-		-		5,720
Regional FCCLA		3,981		798		763		4,016		-		-		4,016
Floral Prints		1,631		1,954		2,865		720		-		-		720
General		15,378		27,408		32,981		9,805	3	304		-		10,109
Greenhouse Entrepreneur		5,490		29,091		34,570		11		-		-		11
Guidance		1,896		1,346		1,326		1,916		-		-		1,916
KY National Guard		1,275		-		-		1,275		-		-		1,275
L. Gupton Performance		4,070		-		-		4,070		-		-		4,070
Health/PE		673		500		263		910		-		-		910
HOSA - Pharmacy Tech		2,015		17,737		16,831		2,921		-		-		2,921
Industrial Technology		61		2,973		2,953		81		-		-		81
Allied Health		-		3,227		3,023		204		-		-		204
Interact Club		81		100		126		55		-		-		55
JAG		2,061		-		325		1,736		-		-		1,736
Jr. ROTC		210		-		-		210		-		-		210
Class of 2025		45		-		-		45		-		-		45
Boys Little League		-		2,050		2,000		50		-		-		50
Library		3,304		184		2,440		1,048		-		-		1,048
Pep Club		2,157		-		-		2,157		-		-		2,157
Prom Account		6,593		21,502		19,232		8,863		-		-		8,863
Science Department		225		170		199		196		-		-		196
Medical Explorers		170		-		170		-		-		-		-
Anatomy		662		78		100		640		-		-		640
Senior Trip		75		14,520		14,551		44		-		-		44

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCES FOR ACTIVITY FUNDS - CONTINUED

	Cash Balance July 1, 2023		Actual Receipts		Actual Disbursements		Cash Balance June 30, 2024		Accounts Receivable		Accounts Payable		Fund Balance June 30, 2024	
Social Studies Dept	\$	142	\$	-	\$	-	\$	142	\$	-	\$	-	\$	142
TCHS Print		868		280		426		722		-		-		722
Student Advisory Council		5,033		115		1,069		4,079		-		-		4,079
TCHS Welding		821		5,136		4,065		1,892		-		-		1,892
Tech. Students Association		301		400		77		624		-		-		624
Text Books		-		17,368		1,000		16,368		-		-		16,368
Yearbook		1,264		2,324		1,240		2,348		-		-		2,348
Y Club		-		8,548		8,548		-		-		-		-
Young Historians		1,522		3,152		2,701		1,973		-		-		1,973
Youth Wrestling		3,240		3,700		6,199		741		-		-		741
Youth Cheer		3,375		2,700		1,020		5,055		-		-		5,055
Youth Indoor Soccer		-		6,454		3,323		3,131		-		-		3,131
Ultimate Frisbee		961				-		961		-		-		961
Taylor County High School		236,496		875,945		830,736		281,705		2,757		-		284,462
Taylor County Middle School		104,344		264,105		211,003		157,446		-		-		157,446
Taylor County Intermediate		41,393		96,243		80,617		57,019		-		-		57,019
Taylor County Primary		7,715		93,114		57,055		43,774				_		43,774
Total	\$	389,948	\$	1,329,406	\$	1,179,411	\$	539,944	\$	2,757	\$	_	\$	542,701



TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

		Pass	
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor	Federal	Through	
Program Title	ALN	Number	Disbursements
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed through the Kentucky Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-22	\$ 656
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-22	25,024
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-23	4,970
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-23	746,241
·			776,891
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	3810002-22	1,149
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	3810002-23	667,902
Special Education - Grants to States	84.173	3800002-21	101
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-22	712
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-23	50,373
Total Special Education Cluster			720,237
Career and Technical Education-Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-22	3,507
Career and Technical Education-Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-22	42,399
			45,906
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	3400002-21	14,899
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	3400002-21	11,322
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	3400002-22	288,530
			314,751
Supporting Effective instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002-22	43,327
Supporting Effective instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002-23	112,885
			156,212
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-22	6,719
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424F	3860002 22	246,233
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-22	60,572
			313,524
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and			
Economic Security Act	84.425	4200003-21	10,000
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and			
Economic Security Act	84.425	4300002-21	1,801,961
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and			
Economic Security Act	84.425	4300005-21	3,254
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and			
Economic Security Act	84.425	4300005-21	31,930
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and			c =0.4
Economic Security Act	84.425	4980002-21	6,791
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and			• • • • •
Economic Security Act	84.425	430007-21	24,696
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and			
Economic Security Act	84.425	GEER	3,630
T . IVO D			1,882,262
Total U.S. Department of Education			4 200 500
passed through the Kentucky Department of Education			4,209,783

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor Program Title	Federal ALN	Pass Through Number	Disbursements
Passed through the Kentucky Office of Adult Education: Rehabilitation Services-Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States Rehabilitation Services-Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States Total passed through the Kentucky Office of Adult Education	84.002 84.002	Not Available Not Available	\$ 36,041 310,432 346,473
Passed through the Kentucky Office of Vocational Rehabilitation: Rehabilitation Services-Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States Total passed through the Kentucky Office of Vocational Rehabilitation	84.126	Not Available	85,563 85,563
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,641,819
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through the Kentucky Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 23	175,193
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 24	702,471
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 23	294,148
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 24	1,187,554
National School Lunch Program	10.555	9980000 23	85,906
National School Lunch Program	10.559	7690024 24	5,692
National School Lunch Program	10.559 10.559	7690024 24 7690024 24	55,634 575 199
National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024 24 7690024 24	575,188 563
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024 24	14,682
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024 24	1,517
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7740023 23	14,673
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.557	77 10023 23	3,113,221
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021 23	6,945
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021 24	42,921
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7800016 23	482
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7800016 24	2,979
			53,327
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001 23	7,218
			7,218
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture passed through the Kentucky Department of Education			3,173,766
Passed through the Kentucky Department of Agriculture:			
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	Not Available	71,571
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			3,245,337
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 7,887,156

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Taylor County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of title 2 U.S. *Code of federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Taylor County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Taylor County School District.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

Taylor County School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair value of the commodities disbursed.



TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of audit issued: Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting:					
• Material weakness(es) identified?			_Yes	X	_ No
• Significant deficiencies identified that are Not considered to be material weakness(es)?			_Yes	X	_ None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			_Yes	X	_ No
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs?					
• Material weakness(es) identified			_Yes	X	_ No
• Significant deficiencies identified that are Not considered to be material weakness(es)?			_Yes	X	_None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major p	rograms: Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	ed in accordance with		_ Yes	X	No
Identification of major programs:					
ALN	Name of Federal	Progran	n or Clus	ter	
84.425	U.S. Department Passed through th Education Stabil the Coronavirus A	ne Kentu ization I	icky Depa Fund Und	ler	
84.027, 84.173	U.S. Department Passed through th Special Education	ne Kentu	icky Depa	artment of	f Education
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:			\$750,00	<u>00</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X	Yes		No

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section II – Financial Statement of Findings

No matters were reported

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported

TAYLOR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Financial Statement of Findings

No matters were reported

Federal awards Findings and Questioned Costs:

No matters were reported

GREGORY S. WISE, CPA
JEFFREY G. SPROWLES, CPA

MATTHEW S. HAZEL, CPA

SHIRLEY M. BUCKNER, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Taylor County School District Campbellsville, KY 42718

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits *Independent Auditor's Contract* in Appendices I, and II of the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Taylor County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Taylor County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Taylor County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Taylor County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Taylor County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe that a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Taylor County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of material noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in the *State Audit Requirements* section of the *Independent Auditor's Contract*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is to solely describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide and opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wise, Buckner, Sprowles & Associates PLLC

Wise, Buckner, Sprowles & Associates PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Campbellsville, KY November 11, 2024

GREGORY S. WISE, CPA

JEFFREY G. SPROWLES, CPA

MATTHEW S. HAZEL, CPA

SHIRLEY M. BUCKNER, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Taylor County School District Campbellsville, KY 42718

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Taylor County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Taylor County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Taylor County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, Taylor County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Taylor County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Taylor County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable Taylor County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Taylor County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Taylor County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Taylor County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Taylor County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over
 compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of Taylor County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wise, Buckner, Sprowles & Associates PLLC

Wise, Buckner, Sprowles & Associates PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Campbellsville, Kentucky November 11, 2024



GREGORY S. WISE, CPA
JEFFREY G. SPROWLES, CPA

MATTHEW S. HAZEL, CPA

SHIRLEY M. BUCKNER, CPA

November 11, 2024

Members of the Board of Education Taylor County Board of Education Campbellsville, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Taylor County School District for the year ended June 30, 2024, we considered the Board's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit we became aware of matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding these matters, but we would first like to address the progress of the management letter points from the previous audit.

The management letter from the previous fiscal year discussed three points with respect to strengthening internal controls within the Central Office and one point with respect to strengthening internal controls within the school activity funds.

The following observations were made concerning the prior year management letter points:

Taylor County Middle School:

Finding #1 – During our test of disbursements we noted four (4) instances of a purchase made before the purchase order.

<u>Current Year Observation</u>- See current year finding.

Taylor County Primary Center:

<u>Finding #2</u> – During our test of fundraisers, the 1st Grade Activity fund held a fund raiser "World's Finest Chocolates" of which there was no documentation on the School Activity Fund Fundraiser Summary Form F-SA-2B.

Current Year Observation- See current year finding

Taylor County Middle School:

Finding #1 – During our test of disbursements we noted seven (7) instances of a purchase made before the purchase order.

<u>Recommendation</u> – This finding appears to be systemic and we recommend that Activity Fund sponsors and the bookkeeper attend Redbook training on proper purchasing procedures.

<u>Management Response</u> – Taylor County Schools provided Redbook training for all bookkeepers, coaches and club sponsors. Management has also made available copies of the Redbook for anyone that needs it as well as working with school personnel on the purchasing process.

Taylor County Primary Center:

<u>Finding #2</u> – During our test of fundraisers, the 1st Grade Activity fund held a fund raiser "World's Finest Chocolates" of which there was no documentation on the School Activity Fund Fundraiser Summary Form F-SA-2B.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We recommend that Activity Fund sponsors and the bookkeeper attend Redbook training on proper documenting of fund raisers..

<u>Management Response</u> – Taylor County Schools provided Redbook training for all bookkeepers, coaches and club sponsors. Management has also made available copies of the Redbook for anyone that needs it as well as working with school personnel on the purchasing process.

Sincerely,

Wise, Buckner, Sprowles & Associates, PLLC
Wise, Buckner, Sprowles & Associates, PLLC
Certified Public Accountants
Campbellsville, Kentucky